

# Solar Together – Southampton City Council Planning Guidance – Domestic

This document explains the planning requirements and steps you need to take before installing solar panels on your property through Solar Together.

This guidance applies to solar panels mounted on a domestic building.

## Permitted development

A. The installation, alteration or replacement of microgeneration solar PV or solar thermal equipment on -a. A dwelling house or a block of flats\*; or

*b.* A building situated within the curtilage of a dwelling house, a block of flats or outbuildings. \*This does not apply to individual flats.

You can perform certain types of work to your property **without** needing to apply for planning permission. These are your "permitted development rights" which are set out in Schedule 2, Part 14 (Renewable energy) of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015 (as amended) (GPDO 2015). These permitted development rights allow the installation of solar panels, subject to conditions outlined in the table below.

If you cannot comply with the conditions, you will need to obtain planning permission for the works.

The rights and conditions that apply will depend on whether your property is in a conservation area, if it is a Listed Building, or if the permitted development rights have been removed by an "Article 4 direction".

## What do I need to know about my property?

It is important to understand the planning constraints of your property and the area where you live, before you install solar panels.

- Is your property in a Conservation Area? You can determine this using <u>Interactive Map</u> (southampton.gov.uk)
- Is your property subject to an Article 4 direction? You can determine this by visiting <u>Conservation areas (southampton.gov.uk)</u>
- Is your property a listed building? This can also be determined using the <u>Interactive Map</u> (southampton.gov.uk)

## Do I need planning permission?

Based on the planning constraints that you have identified above, this will determine whether or not you will need planning permission and/or listed building consent to install solar panels on your property.

Designation	Planning Permission	Permitted Development Conditions
	Required	
No	No planning	Installation not permitted if:
Designation	permission required.	• PV Panels would project more than 200mm from the
	Permitted	roof slope or wall surface, when measured perpendicular
	Development Rights	with the external surface of the roof slope or wall.
	apply	• PV Panels would project beyond the highest part of the
		roof (excluding the chimney).

Conservation Area (without Article 4)	No planning permission required. Permitted Development Rights	<ul> <li>PV panels would be installed on a building that is within the grounds of a listed building or on a site designated as a scheduled monument.</li> <li>The following conditions must be considered: <ul> <li>Equipment on a building should be sited, so far as is practicable, to minimise the effect on the external appearance of the building and the amenity of the area (Explained below).</li> <li>When no longer needed, equipment should be removed as soon as reasonably practicable.</li> </ul> </li> <li>All of the above conditions apply, with one additional requirement. Installation not permitted if: <ul> <li>The panels would be fitted to a wall which fronts a highway.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Conservation Area and Article 4	apply Maybe	May require planning permission for buildings in Conservation Areas (CA) covered by Article 4 directions which removes permitted development rights for roof alterations. This applies in the following Article 4 areas: - Oakmont Triangle CA - Portswood Residents Gardens CA - Uplands Estates CA - Ethelbert Avenue CA - The Avenue CA - Carlton Crescent CA - Cranbury Place CA
Listed Building	Yes – Listed Building Consent is required.	More information of how to apply for planning permission and listed building consent is available at <u>Do I</u> <u>need planning permission? (southampton.gov.uk)</u>

# How do I minimise the effect on the external appearance of the building and the amenity of the area?

The Contractor will complete a survey of your property and identify suitable locations to position the panels. The most adequate location will take into account where the panels will be exposed to the greatest amount of sunlight throughout the day to maximise the electricity produced.

Of the suitable locations identified, the visual impact of the panels will be most significant when positioned on roof slopes visible from public views. Where possible, panels should be positioned in an area where they are the least visible, however this may not be reasonably practicable if there is only one suitable roof location.

Further to roof space selection, there are a number of ways the visual impact of panels can be reduced:

• Ensure panels are spaced evenly on the roof slope and not in an irregular pattern.

• Ensure the position of the panels would retain even distances to the roof margins (ridge, eaves, party walls) and/or walls margins;

• Place panels behind parapets or roof features where possible (such as chimneys), and where these features do not cause shading issues.

• Run cabling in a position to minimise visibility from the street and adjacent properties.

• Use cabling and cable ducts which are in keeping with the colour of the building exterior (such as black for brick building, white for white rendered building).

These measures and panel placing should be discussed with the Contractor to minimise visual impact of the installation, as required for works to be considered permitted development condition.

If you are unsure whether the proposed installation is considered permitted development, or you want to be certain that your installation is lawful, you can apply for a Lawful Development Certificate.

#### What is a Lawful Development Certificate?

A Lawful Development Certificate (LDC) is a document issued by the Council Planning Department to confirm that your proposed development complies with permitted development limitations and conditions, and therefore planning permission is not required. You can find more information of what a LDC entails and what you are required to submit on the Planning Portal.

You can apply for an LDC using the Planning Portal's secure online application service. You will have to pay a fee.

Getting a Lawful Development Certificate is worth considering even if you are sure your project is permitted development. If you later want to sell your property, an LDC may be helpful to answer queries raised by potential buyers or their legal representatives

#### How does this all fit in to the Solar Together process?

Once you accept your offer, a surveyor will visit your property to assess whether your roof is suitable for a solar installation and confirm the number of panels, their location and other details such as cabling locations and colour.

The Contractor will provide a basic panel design for the roof and descriptions of the installation, including a basic drawing of the proposed layout, which can be used to apply for a lawful development certificate, planning permission or listed building consent. An existing plan and section with the roof will also be required, in order to have a valid certificate application (see pro-forma).

It is the resident's responsibility to provide any drawings or information required for a submission via the Planning Portal. If required, you can search for a registered architect to help with your plans on the Architects Registration Board website <u>Search the Register (architects-register.org.uk)</u>

Do you want to discuss this further? If you wish to discuss the Solar Together Scheme and funding email greencity@southampton.gov.uk. If you are unsure if your proposal would comply with permitted development requirements, please consider submitting a Certificate of Lawful Development, and a planning officer will contact you to discuss your options.

Appendix: Postcodes affected by added Planning Controls

Oakmount T	riangle CA	Residents Association: <a href="https://otra.org.uk/">https://otra.org.uk/</a>			
SO17 1BX	SO17 1EB				
SO17 1DQ	SO17 1ED				
SO17 1DR	SO17 1EE				
SO17 1DS	SO17 1EF				
SO17 1DT	SO17 INX				
SO17 1DU	SO17 1QQ				
SO17 1DW	SO17 1UR				
SO17 1DZ	SO17 1UW				
SO17 1EA	SO17 IWD				
Portswood R	esidents Gardens CA	Residents Association: <u>https://prgardens.co.uk/</u>			
SO17 1NP	SO17 1NW				
SO17 1NQ	SO17 1QH				
SO17 1NR	SO17 1QU				
SO17 1NS	SO17 1RA				
Uplands Esta		Residents Association: http://www.ueha.co.uk/			
SO17 1QS	SO17 1RF				
SO17 1QW					
SO17 1QV	SO17 1RH				
SO17 1QZ	SO17 1RL				
SO17 1RB	SO17 1RJ				
SO17 1RD	SO17 1SY				
SO17 1RE	SO17 1UD				
Ethelburt Avenue CA		Residents Association: <u>http://www.herbertcollins.co.uk/</u>			
SO16 3DD	SO16 3DW	<u> </u>			
SO16 3DE	SO16 3DX				
SO16 3DF	SO16 3DY				
SO16 3DG	SO16 3DZ				
SO16 3DN	SO16 2NN				
SO16 3DP	SO16 2NU				
SO16 3DU					
The Avenue	e CA				
SO15 2TL					
SO17 1AG					
SO17 1XA					
SO17 1XE					
Carlton Cre	Carlton Crescent CA				
SO15 2DH					
SO15 2DJ					
SO15 2DL					
Cranbury Pl	Cranbury Place CA				
SO14 OJL					
SO14 6GD					
SO14 6HZ					
SO14 6JA					
SO14 6SX					
·					